

THROUGH THE BIBLE IN A YEAR

5/28 – 1Chr 23-25, John 11:1-17
5/29 – 1Chr 26-27, John 11:18-46
5/30 – 1Chr 28-29, John 11:47-57
5/31 – 2Chr 1-3, John 12:1-19

6/1 – 2Chr 4-6, John 12:20-50
6/2 – 2Chr 7-9, John 13:1-17
6/3 – 2Chr 10-12, John 13:18-38
6/4 – 2Chr 13-16, John 14

** Summaries/outlines from The Holy Bible, Contemporary English Version, ©1995 by the American Bible Society.

1 CHRONICLES

OUTLINE

- I. Descendants of Adam until the Time of King Saul (1:1-9:44)
- II. The Death of Saul and His Sons (10:1-14)
- III. David Becomes King of Israel and Captures Jerusalem (11:1-9)
- IV. David's Warriors (11:10-12:40)
- V. The Sacred Chest is Moved to Jerusalem (13:1-16:43)
- VI. Solomon Will Build the Lord's Temple (17:1-27)
- VII. David's Military Victories (18:1-20:8)
- VIII. David's Preparations for Building the Temple (21:1-28:21)
- IX. The People Bring Gifts for Building the Temple (29:1-20)
- X. Solomon is Crowned King (29:21-25)
- XI. The Death of David (29:26-30)

BIBLE BLURB (from @biblesummary)

1Chr23: David made Solomon king over Israel. He organised the Levites into the sons of Gershon, Kohath and Merari to serve in the temple.

1Chr24: The sons of Aaron were priests. David organised the sons of Eleazar and Ithamar by lot. The rest of the Levites also cast lots.

1Chr25: The sons of Asaph, Heman and Jeduthun prophesied with music. 288 were trained in singing to the LORD. They cast lots for duties.

1Chr26: The sons of Obed-edom, Meshelemiah and Hosah were gatekeepers. Ahijah, Zetham, Joel, Shubael and Shelomith oversaw the treasuries.

1Chr27: Divisions of 24,000 men were on duty month by month. There was a chief officer over each tribe. Joab was the commander of the army.

1Chr28: David assembled the leaders and said, "The LORD has chosen Solomon to build his house." He gave Solomon the plans for the temple.

1Chr29: The leaders gave offerings. David prayed, "Yours is the kingdom, O LORD. Of your own have we given you." David died at an old age.

2 CHRONICLES

Second Chronicles continues the history of Israel that was begun in 1 Chronicles. This book repeats information and many stories from 1 and 2 Kings, but from a slightly different viewpoint. Second Chronicles begins with the rule of King Solomon, then tells the history of the two separate kingdoms of Judah and Israel down to the fall of Jerusalem.

King Solomon is honored as the ideal king of Israel. The first part of 2 Chronicles includes events from his rule, especially the building and dedication of the temple in Jerusalem and the beginning of worship there. The second part begins with the rebellion of the northern tribes of Israel and the division of the country into two separate kingdoms, Judah in the south and Israel in the north. It also includes the history of Judah down to the time of Jerusalem's fall and destruction. Unlike 2 Kings, this book includes very little information about the northern kingdom. According to this book, the people of Israel were sinful and turned their backs on the Lord, and so their history did not deserve to be told.

Second Chronicles, like 1 Chronicles, is very concerned that the Lord be worshiped in the proper way. Hezekiah and Josiah are two of the most respected kings of Judah, because they were always faithful to the Lord and did many things to see that he was properly worshiped and that his Law was obeyed.

This book tells how Jerusalem was destroyed and the people of Judah were led away as prisoners to Babylonia. But the book concludes with hope for the Jews. King Cyrus of Persia lets them return to Judah.

OUTLINE

- I. Solomon's Wisdom and Wealth (1:1-17)
- II. Building and Dedication of the Jerusalem Temple (2:1-7:22)
- III. Other Events During Solomon's Rule (8:1-9:28)
- IV. The Death of Solomon (9:29-31)
- V. The Northern Tribes of Israel Rebel against King Rehoboam (10:1-19)
- VI. Kings of Judah (11:1-28:27)
- VII. King Hezekiah and the Assyrian Invasion (29:1-32:33)
- VIII. King Manasseh and King Amon (33:1-25)
- IX. King Josiah and the Book of God's Law (34:1-35:27)
- X. The Last Kings of Judah (36:1-16)
- XI. Jerusalem Destroyed and the People are Taken to Babylonia (36:17-21)
- XII. King Cyrus of Persia Lets the Jews Return to Judah (36:22-23)

BIBLE BLURB (from@biblesummary)

2Chr1: Solomon made offerings. God said, "What shall I give you?" Solomon said, "Wisdom to rule this people." So Solomon ruled over Israel.

2Chr2: Solomon sent to King Hiram: "Send me cedars and a craftsman for the temple." Hiram replied, "The LORD has given David a wise son."

2Chr3: Solomon started work on the temple. He built the portico, the main hall, the Most Holy Place, two cherubim, the veil and two pillars.

2Chr4: Solomon made an altar, the Sea, ten lavers, ten lampstands, ten tables and the courts for the temple. Hiram made the furnishings.

2Chr5: The priests brought the ark into the Most Holy Place. The singers praised the LORD and the glory of the LORD filled the temple.

2Chr6: Solomon said, "The LORD has kept his promise." He prayed, "O LORD, if anyone prays toward this place then hear from heaven and act."

2Chr7: Fire came from heaven and the Israelites worshipped. The LORD said to Solomon, "If you walk in my ways I will establish your throne."

2Chr8: Solomon built cities. He did not make slaves of the Israelites. He appointed the divisions of priests and Levites to their duties.

2Chr9: The queen of Sheba came to test Solomon and gave him gold and spices. Solomon excelled all the kings of the earth. Then he died.

2Chr10: Jeroboam and all Israel asked Rehoboam to reduce the labour demands. He refused. Rehoboam still ruled Judah but Israel rebelled.

2Chr11: The LORD told Rehoboam not to attack Jeroboam. All the Levites came to Judah because Jeroboam set up idols. Rehoboam had sons.

2Chr12: Rehoboam was unfaithful to the LORD so Shishak attacked Jerusalem. Rehoboam humbled himself and the anger of the LORD turned away.

2Chr13: Abijah became king of Judah. He drew up battle lines against Jeroboam and said, "The LORD is our God". The LORD routed Jeroboam.

2Chr14: Asa became king. He did right in the sight of the LORD. Zerah the Ethiopian brought an army against Judah but the LORD routed them.

2Chr15: Azariah said to Asa, "The LORD is with you when you are with Him. Do not give up." The people made a covenant to seek the LORD.

2Chr16: Baasha fortified Ramah so Asa made a treaty with Ben-hadad. Hanani said, "You relied on Aram not the LORD." Asa became ill and died.

JOHN

OUTLINE

- I. A Hymn in Praise of the Word (1:1-18)
- II. The Message of John the Baptist (1:19-34)
- III. Jesus Chooses His First Disciple (1:35-51)
- IV. Jesus' Seven Special Miracles (2:1-12:50)
- V. Jesus' Last Week: His Trial and Death (13:1-19:42)
- VI. Jesus is Alive (20:1-10)
- VII. Jesus Appears to His Disciples (20:11-21:25)

BIBLE BLURB (from @biblesummary)

Jn11: Lazarus died. Jesus went to the tomb and said, "Lazarus, come out." Lazarus came out. The chief priests plotted to put Jesus to death.

Jn12: Jesus rode into Jerusalem. The crowd shouted, "Hosanna!" He said, "The Son of Man must be lifted up. I have come to save the world."

Jn13: Jesus washed the disciples' feet. He said, "One of you will betray me." Judas left. Jesus said, "Love each other as I have loved you."

Jn14: "I am the way, the truth, and the life. I am in the Father and the Father in me. He will give you the Holy Spirit. Do not be afraid."

Getting to Know God Through His Book - 4 Questions - Ask...

Insight—what does the passage say? Paraphrase the main point(s) and the commands to follow, promises to claim, examples to follow (or avoid), etc.

Question—what don't I understand? Need to know more about? How does this passage make me feel?

Praise—what does this passage teach me about God? Turn what the passage says into praise for the Lord's goodness, power, holiness, wisdom, etc.

Apply—what is God saying to me from this passage? Confess how you have not followed it. Pray, asking God to help you obey. Get quiet and ask God to speak to you.

Journal—write out your prayers, thoughts, responses to God and His Word

HOW TO PRAY

Scripture is God speaking to us. Prayer is us speaking to and listening to God. Jesus gave us the model in the Lord's Prayer (Mt 6). Keep your relationship fresh with the Lord by both reading and praying - two way communication. Remember to look up like Jesus did when He prayed.

1. Our Father who art in heaven, hallowed by thy name – focus on God, adore, praise, thank Him – long to see His glory and honor.
2. Thy Kingdom come, Thy will be done – ask for what you know will please Him, pray back the Scripture – that is His will.
3. Give us this day our daily bread – ask for your needs and others to be met.
4. Forgive us our trespasses as we forgive those who trespass against us – ask for forgiveness, from God, and from others you may have hurt. Ask God to help you forgive and restore others too. Ask Him to get rid of bitterness and have love & compassion for those who have hurt you.
5. And lead us not into temptation – ask God to take over your day, protect you and others from evil.
6. For thine is the kingdom, power & glory – end by re-focusing on God, His kingdom, power, and glory!
7. Listen – ask God to speak to you by His Spirit – always test what you hear by His Word.
8. Pray the Blind Bartimaeus Prayer (Mark 10) – Tell God what you feel, what you want, and ask God what you should do to get what you want (if what you want is right).